AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended)   Apparatus for processing data, said apparatus comprising:

a data processing register operable to store a data value;

a register writing circuit operable to store a data value to said data processing register; and

three or more further registers; wherein

when said register write circuit writes a data value to said data processing register, said register write circuit is configured to also write data values to three or more further registers such that a fixed the number of bits within said data processing register and said three or more further registers as a whole that transition from high to low equals the number of bits within said data processing register and said three or more further registers as a whole that transition and from low to high irrespective of what data value is being written to said data processing register and what data value was previously stored within said data processing register.

2. (currently amended)   Apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein when said register write circuit writes a value X_i to an ith bit of said data processing register previously storing a value of Y_i, said register write circuit also writes to corresponding bit positions within three further registers respective values of:

an inverse of X_i;

a new value Rd_i given by $[(inverse (X_i\ XOR\ Y_i))\ XOR\ (a\ value\ of\ Rd_i\ currently\ stored\ in\ one\ of\ said\ three\ further\ registers)]$; and

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an inverse of said new value of Rd_i.

3. (previously presented)   Apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said data processing register is one of a plurality of data processing registers of a register bank.

4. (previously presented)   Apparatus as claimed in claim 3, wherein said three further registers comprise a dedicated dummy register dedicated to said data processing register and two shared dummy registers shared between said plurality of data processing registers of said register bank.

5. (currently amended)   Apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein when said register write circuit writes a value X_i to an ith bit of said data processing register previously storing a value of Y_i, said register write circuit also writes to corresponding bit positions within three further registers comprising a dedicated dummy register dedicated to said data processing register and two shared dummy registers shared between said plurality of data processing registers of said register bank such that said dedicated dummy register stores said inverse of X_i and said two shared dummy registers store a new value Rd_i given by [(inverse (X_i XOR Y_i)) XOR (a value of Rd_i currently stored in one of said shared dummy registers)] and an inverse of said new value of Rd_i.

6. (previously presented)   Apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said three further registers are provided for a subset of said plurality of data processing registers of said register bank.

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7. (currently amended)   A method of processing data, said method comprising the steps of:

storing a data value in a data processing register; and

when said data value is stored in said data processing register also storing data values

within three or more further registers such that a fixed the number of bits within said data

processing register and said three or more further registers as a whole that transition from high to

low equals the number of bits within said data processing register and said three or more further

registers as a whole that transition and from low to high irrespective of what said data value is

being written to data processing register and what data value was previously stored within said

data processing register.

8. (currently amended)   A method as claimed in claim 7, wherein when writing a value X_i

to an ith bit of said data processing register previously storing a value of Y_i, also writing to

corresponding bit positions within three further registers respective values of:

an inverse of X_i;

a new value Rd_i given by [(inverse (X_i XOR Y_i)) XOR (a value of Rd_i currently stored in

one of said three further registers)]; and

an inverse of said new value of Rd_i.

9. (previously presented)   A method as claimed in claim 7, wherein said data processing

register is one of a plurality of data processing registers of a register bank.

10. (previously presented)   A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said three further registers comprise a dedicated dummy register dedicated to said data processing register and two shared dummy registers shared between said plurality of data processing registers of said register bank.

11. (currently amended)   A method as claimed in claim 10, wherein when writing a value X_i to an ith bit of said data processing register previously storing a value of Y_i, also writing to corresponding bit positions within three further registers comprising a dedicated dummy register dedicated to said data processing register and two shared dummy registers shared between said plurality of data processing registers of said register bank such that said dedicated dummy register stores said inverse of X_i and said two shared dummy registers store a new value Rd_i given by [(inverse (X_i XOR Y_i)) XOR (a value of Rd_i currently stored in one of said shared dummy registers)] and an inverse of said new value of Rd_i.

12. (previously presented)   A method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said three further registers are provided for a subset of said plurality of data processing registers of said register bank.